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WHAT IS CLAIMED:

- 1 1. A method for use in a communications endpoint, the method comprising the
2 steps of:
3 determining a signature of a communications channel;
4 performing power control over the communications channel wherein the power
5 control compares a metric value and a target metric value, such that the target metric
6 value is adjusted as a function of the determined signature of the communications channel.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the metric is a bit error rate (BER).
- 1 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the signature of the communications channel is
2 a second order statistic of a received signal-to-noise ratio (SNR).
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4 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the determining step includes the steps of:
5 collecting signal-to-noise (SNR) values of a signal received from the
communications channel; and
6 using the collected SNR values to determine the signature of the communications
channel.
- 1 5. The method of claim 4 wherein the using step determines the signature of the
2 communications channel by calculating a second order statistic of the collected SNR
3 values.
- 1 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the communications endpoint is a wireless
2 endpoint.
- 1 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the metric is a symbol error count.
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1 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the determining step includes the step of
2 monitoring a symbol error count of a received signal for determining a standard deviation
3 of the received symbol error count; and the performing step includes the step of adjusting
4 a target symbol error count for the received signal as a function of the standard deviation

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5 for use in providing the power control.

1 9. The method of claim 1 wherein the determining step includes the steps of:
2 monitoring a symbol error count of a received signal for determining a standard
3 deviation of a received symbol error count;
4 setting a target symbol error rate as a function of the standard deviation; and
5 wherein the performing step includes the step of
6 adjusting a target signal-to-noise ratio for the received signal depending on the
7 difference between the set target symbol error rate and the actual symbol error count
8 produced by the receiver.

0 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the performing power control step performs
1 symbol error count based reverse outer loop power control with adaptive symbol error
2 rate targets.

0 11. A method for use in a communications endpoint, the method comprising the
1 steps of:

2 receiving a signal from a wireless endpoint;
3 developing a second order statistic from the received signal; and
4 performing power control with the wireless endpoint as a function of the second
5 order statistic.

1 12. The method of claim 11 wherein

2 the developing step includes the steps of:

3 calculating a second order statistic of a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) of the
4 received signal; and

5 adjusting a bit error rate target value as a function of the calculated second
6 order statistic;

7 and the performing step includes the step of performing reverse-link outer loop
8 power control as a function of a comparison between a bit error rate value of the received
9 signal and the adjusted bit error rate target value.

1 13. The method of claim 11 wherein the communications endpoint is a wireless

2 endpoint.

1 14. The method of claim 11 wherein the power control is a symbol error count
2 based power control.

1 15. The method of claim 11 wherein the developing step includes the step of
2 monitoring a symbol error count of the received signal for determining a standard
3 deviation of the received symbol error count; and the performing step includes the step of
4 adjusting a target symbol error count for the received signal as a function of the standard
5 deviation for use in providing the power control.

0 16. The method of claim 11 wherein the developing step includes the steps of:
1 monitoring a symbol error count of the received signal for determining a standard
2 deviation of the received symbol error count;
3 setting a target symbol error rate as a function of the standard deviation; and
4 the performing step includes the step of adjusting a target signal-to-noise ratio for
5 the received signal depending on the difference between the set target symbol error rate
6 and the actual symbol error count produced by the receiver.

1 *Sub A* 17. A method for use in a communications endpoint, the method comprising the
2 steps of:
3 measuring a signature of a fading environment;
4 performing power control by adjusting a target metric value as a function of the
5 measured signature.

1 18. The method of claim 17 wherein the measuring step includes the step of using
2 a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) of a received signal to measure the fading environment.

1 *Sub A* 19. The method of claim 17 wherein the measuring step includes the step of
2 calculating a standard deviation value of the SNR, and wherein the performing step uses
3 the standard deviation value of the SNR to adjust the target metric value.

1 20. The method of claim 17 wherein the metric value is a bit error rate (BER).

21. The method of claim 17 wherein the performing step adds a value to a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) target value, wherein the added value is selected as a function of the measured signature of the fading environment.

22. The method of claim 17 wherein the performing step includes the steps of:
estimating a bit error rate (BER);
comparing the estimated BER to a target BER value; and
adjusting a target signal-to-noise ratio value as a result of the comparison by
adding a value to the target signal-to-noise ratio;
wherein the value added to the target signal-to-noise-ratio is selected as a function
of the measured signature.

23. The method of claim 17 wherein the communications endpoint is a wireless endpoint.

24. An apparatus for use in a communication endpoint, the apparatus comprising:
a receiver for receiving a signal;
a controller for (a) developing a signature of the communications channel from the received signal; and (b) performing power control over the communications channel by adjusting a target metric value as a function of the signature of the communications channel.

1 25. The apparatus of claim 24 further comprising a decoder for decoding the
2 received signal and wherein the metric is a bit error rate (BER) of the decoded received
3 signal.

1 26 The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the controller further determines the
2 signature of the communications channel by collecting signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) values
3 of the received signal. *[Signature]*

1 27. The apparatus of claim 26 wherein the controller further determines the
2 signature of the communications channel by calculating a second order statistic of the

3 collected SNRs.

1 *Sub A17* 28. The apparatus of claim 27 further comprising a memory for storing a look-up
2 table which maps values of the second order statistic to adjustment values for use in
3 adjusting the target metric value.

1 29. The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the metric value is signal-to-noise (SNR).

1 30. The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the target metric value is a target signal-to-
2 noise ratio (SNR) and the controller adjusts the SNR target value by adding a value to the
3 SNR target value, wherein the added value is selected as a function of the developed
4 signature.

1 31. The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the communications endpoint is a wireless
2 endpoint.

1 32. The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the metric is a symbol error count.

1 33. The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the controller monitors a symbol error
2 count of the received signal for determining a standard deviation of the received symbol
3 error count; and adjusts a target symbol error count for the received signal as a function of
4 the standard deviation for use in providing the power control.

1 34. An apparatus for use in a communications endpoint, the apparatus comprising:
2 a decoder for decoding a frame of a received signal and for providing a signal
3 representative of log-likelihood ratios with respect to information bits of the decoded
4 frame;

5 a bit error estimate generator responsive to the signal representative of the log-
6 likelihood ratios for providing a bit error rate estimate; and

7 a processor for performing reverse outer loop power control (ROLPC) over a
8 communications channel wherein the ROLPC performs a comparison between the bit error
9 rate estimate and a target bit error rate value such that the target bit error rate value is
10 adjusted as a function of a signature of the communications channel.

1 35. The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the processor further determines the
2 signature of the communications channel by calculating a second order statistic of a
3 received signal-to-noise ratio (SNR).

1 36. The apparatus of claim 35 further comprising a memory for storing a look-up
2 table which maps values of the second order statistic to adjustment values for use in
3 adjusting the target bit error rate value.

1 37. The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the communications endpoint is a wireless
2 endpoint.

1 38. Apparatus for use in equipment for providing power control in a cellular
2 system, the apparatus comprising:

3 a receiver for receiving a signal from a wireless endpoint;
4 a controller for (a) developing a second order statistic from the received signal;
5 and (b) performing power control with the wireless endpoint as a function of the second
6 order statistic.

1 39. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the controller calculates a second order
2 statistic value of collected signal-to-noise ratio values (SNRs) of the received signals,
3 which is used to determine the adjustment to a target metric value.

1 40. The apparatus of claim 39 wherein the metric value is a bit error rate (BER).

1 41. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the power control is a symbol error count
2 based power control.

1 42. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the controller monitors a symbol error
2 count of the received signal for determining a standard deviation of the received symbol
3 error count; and adjusts a target symbol error count for the received signal as a function of
4 the standard deviation for use in providing the power control.

1 43. The apparatus of claim 38 further comprising a transmitter for transmitting
2 power control information to the mobile station.